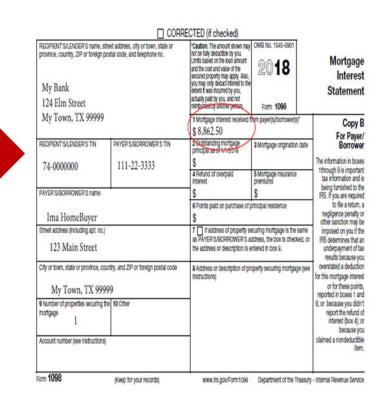
What is a Mortgage Credit Certificate (MCC)?

- An MCC (Mortgage Interest Credit) -is a federal income <u>TAX CREDIT</u> available to First Time Homebuyers.
- The amount of the tax credit is calculated at a percentage of the annual mortgage interest paid each year.
- The MCC is a **true "tax credit"** that entitles taxpayers the ability to **subtract** the amount of the credit from their total <u>federal income tax liability</u>, receiving a **dollar for dollar savings** (different from the mortgage interest deduction).
- Mortgage Interest Credit (MCC) is a NON-REFUNDABLE TAX CREDIT, therefore, the homebuyer MUST have tax liability in order to take advantage of the tax credit. (The credit is applied after all other deductions, personal exemptions and certain other credits are taken into account).



MCC- the Gift that keeps on GIVING...

- The MCC can be used to gross up income or qualifying ratios for the borrower (if allowed by loan product guidelines and investor guidelines).
- The MCC can reduce federal income taxes owed. Because of the potential tax savings, a MCC holder may adjust their W-4 withholdings with their employer.
- With less money withheld for taxes, the MCC holder receives more take-home pay.
- The MCC may be combined with the TDHCA My First Texas Home (DPA), or any other local/state DPA program, to provide homebuyer the maximum benefit.
- Must be a participating lender in both programs to offer both options.
- Must follow most restrictive guidelines

With a MCC the homebuyer has the ability to take the tax credit each year for the life (term) of the mortgage loan, as long as they occupy the home as their principal residence.



How does an individual/family qualify and apply for MCC?

- First Time Homebuyer Requirement
- Income and Purchase Price Limit Requirement
- Homebuyer(s) must have a valid social security number or an Individual Tax Identification Number (ITIN).
- Secure mortgage loan through an approved participating lender – a list of participating lenders can be found on the TDHCA website – www.myfirsttexashome.com.
- MCC reservation is done through mortgage lender.

Available Statewide



Tax deduction vs. Tax credit

- A <u>tax deduction</u> is subtracted from the adjusted gross income before federal income taxes are computed (Schedule A). Therefore, with a deduction, *only a percentage of the amount deducted is realized in savings.* (*reduces taxable income, which will reduce tax liability*).
- A <u>tax credit</u> entitles taxpayers to subtract the amount of the credit from their total federal income tax liability, receiving a <u>DOLLAR for DOLLAR</u> savings.

Although both tax deductions and tax credits reduce your tax burden, a credit allows you to save more than a deduction does.

How? If you have a tax credit of \$1,000, for example, you reduce your tax burden by \$1,000. But if you have a tax deduction of \$1,000, your tax burden is reduced based on your tax bracket. So if you're in the 28% tax bracket, for example, a \$1,000 deduction would reduce your taxes by only \$280.



Texas Mortgage Credit Certificate Program

V

TDHCA MCC Options:

- > 25% MCC Credit
 (up to \$2,000 annual credit)
- > 20% MCC Credit

 (no maximum annual credit)

If loan amount x mortgage rate x 20% is less than or equal to \$2,000, choose the 25% MCC Credit Rate.

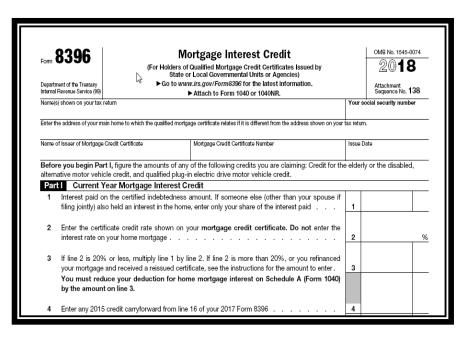
In some cases, the 20% MCC Credit may provide a greater benefit than the 25% MCC Credit, as it has no annual maximum credit amount. If loan amount x mortgage rate x 20% is greater than \$2,000, calculate the tax credit eligible to be claimed in accordance with the example provided to determine the credit rate that best meets the borrower's needs and circumstances.

Year 1 Example	LOAN AMOUNT			
	\$150,000		\$250,000	
MCC Credit Rate	25%	20%	25%	20%
Mortgage Interest Rate	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%	5.50%
First Year Mortgage Interest	8,200	8,200	13,666	13,666
Calculated Tax Credit Amount	2,050	1,640	3,416	2,733
Maximum Tax Credit Allowed	2,000	No Limit	2,000	No Limit
Eligible Tax Credit	2,000	1,640	2,000	2,733
Mortgage Interest Deduction	6,200	6,560	11,666	10,933

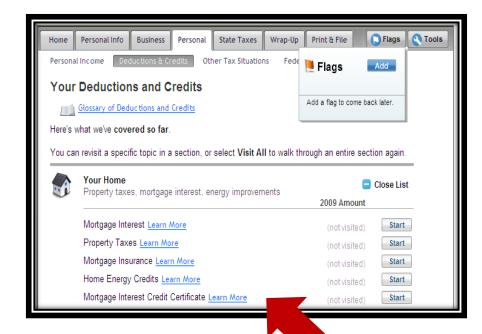
Annual Eligible Tax Credit,	Tax Credit, LOAN AMOUNT				
First 10 Years	\$150,000		\$250,000		
MCC Credit Rate	25%	20%	25%	20%	
Year 1	2,000	1,640	2,000	2,733	
Year 2	2,000	1,617	2,000	2,695	
Year 3	1,991	1,615	2,000	2,692	
Year 4	1,959	1,613	2,000	2,689	
Year 5	1,926	1,611	2,000	2,685	
Year 6	1,890	1,609	2,000	2,682	
Year 7	1,853	1,607	2,000	2,679	
Year 8	1,813	1,605	2,000	2,675	
Year 9	1,771	1,603	2,000	2,672	
Year 10	1,727	1,601	2,000	2,669	
First 10 Years	18,932	16,123	20,000	26,871	
Credit may be claimed until loan maturity.					

How a homebuyer uses the MCC

 The borrower claims the credit with his annual tax return using
 Turbo Tax (electronic submission).



The borrower claims the credit with his annual tax return using IRS Form 8396.



The credit may be claimed for the life of the loan as long as the home is the principal residence.